

Subdivisional Lines of T 4 N R 38 E., W.M.

Chains	Feet
	<p>A fir, 30 ins. in diam. brs. S. 10° W., 27 lks. dist., marked T 4 N R 38 E S 3 B T</p> <p>Land; mountainous</p> <p>Soil; 1st and 2nd rate.</p> <p>Timber; fir, pine, spruce</p> <p>Undergrowth; willow, maple and wild berry</p> <p>Mountainous or heavily timbered land or land covered with dense undergrowth and exceptionally difficult to survey, 80.75 Chs.</p> <p>I carefully retrace my own work to determine whether or not the error in closure is due to the old survey or to the new. I find my work correct. I then retrace the first standard parallel N., forming the S. Bdy. of Sec. 35. I find the S. Bdy. of Sec. 35 to be 79.10 Chs. in length the E. half to Br. S. 89° 28' E. and W. half S. 89° 57' E.</p> <hr/> <p>In order to close the new lines of survey upon the old sur- vey, I proceed to establish a sectional correction line, beginning at the cor. of secs. 10, 11, 14 & 15.</p> <p>From this Cor. I run W. on a sectional correction line bet. Secs. 10 & 15. Ascend steep E. slope through scattering timber and dense undergrowth.</p>
13.78	<p>Top of spur, 75 ft. high, extending N. Begin descent</p>
34.00	<p>A dry run, course N. Thence along N. slope</p>
40.00	<p>Set a basalt stone, 15 x 12 x 8 ins. 10 ins. in the ground for $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. Cor., marked $\frac{1}{4}$ on N. face; from which</p> <p>A fir, 14 ins. in diam. brs. S. 3° W., 84 lks. dist. marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 15 B T</p> <p>A fir, 42 lks. in diam. brs. N. 73° 30' W., 109 lks. dist., marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 10 B T</p>
52.00	<p>Top of spur, 100 ft. high, extending N. Begin descent.</p>
78.00	<p>Ft. of descent, 100 ft. below top of spur. A dry run extends N.W. Begin ascent.</p>