

Resurvey of Subdivisional Lines of T 4 N R 38 E., W.M.

Chains		Feet
	<p>Set a basalt stone, 12 x 10 x 8 ins., 8 ins. in the ground for $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. Cor., marked $\frac{1}{4}$ on the N. face, from which:</p> <p>A fir, 8 ins. in diam. brs. S. 36° 30' E., 23 lks dist., marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 22 B T</p> <p>A tamarack, 6 ins. in diam. brs. N. 45° 30' E., 11 lks. dist., marked $\frac{1}{4}$ S 15 B T</p> <p>Therefore the W. half of this line is 40.00 Chs. in length and brs. E.</p> <p>Thence ascend steep W. slope.</p>	
81.75	<p>Intersect the old Cor. for Secs. 14, 15, 22 & 23; which is a stone, 18 x 15 x 8 ins., marked as described by the surveyor general. The mound described by the surveyor general is destroyed. I re-establish the Cor. at the same point as follows:</p> <p>Set a basalt stone, 18 x 15 x 8 ins. 14 ins. in the ground for Cor. of Secs. 14, 15, 22 & 23, marked with 2 notches on the E. and 3 notches on the S. edge, and raised a mound of stone, 2 ft. base and a ft. and a half high, W. of Cor.</p> <p>Therefore the E. half of this line is 41.75 Chs. in length and brs. E.</p> <p>Land; mountainous</p> <p>Soil; first and second rates.</p> <p>Timber, fir, pine, spruce</p> <p>Undergrowth, willow, maple and wild berry</p> <p>Mountainous or heavily timbered land or land covered with dense undergrowth and exceptionally difficult to survey.</p> <p>81.75 Chs.</p>	
	<p>E. on a resurvey bet. Secs. 14 & 23.</p> <p>Ascend through scattering timber and scattering undergrowth over stony W. slope.</p>	
20.00	<p>Enter heavy timber and dense undergrowth, brs. N & S.</p> <p>Thence over rolling ground on top of divide., which is 1000 ft. above the creek W.</p>	
40.05	<p>Intersect the old $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. Cor. The post described by the surveyor general is decayed and the marks on the bearing</p>	