# Wind Power Development Concerns of CTUIR and ODFW

### Potential Impacts to Fisheries Resources in Umatilla County











#### Overview of Presentation

Major fisheries concerns

Scientific literature - roads vs. sedimentation

Fishery values and locations

"Wind power" and "fish value" area overlaps

### Major Fisheries Resource Concerns

**Increased roads** 

**Increased sediment** 

Reduced water and substrate quality

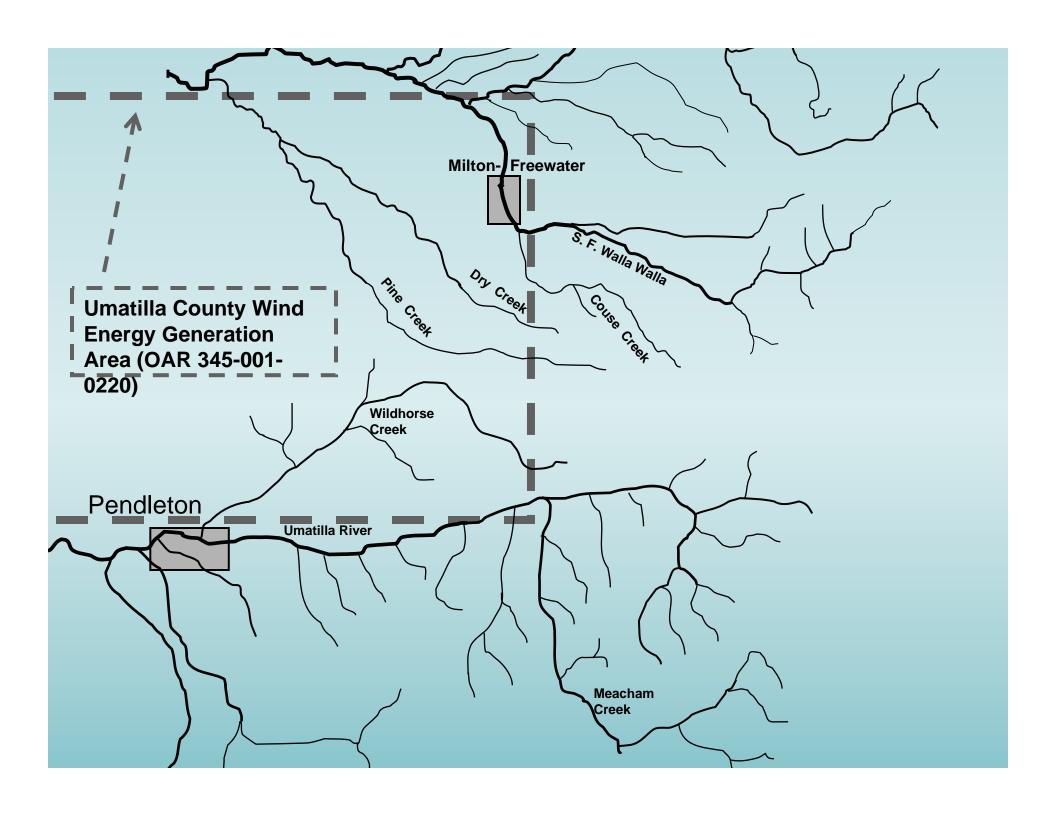
Fish survival and productivity impacts

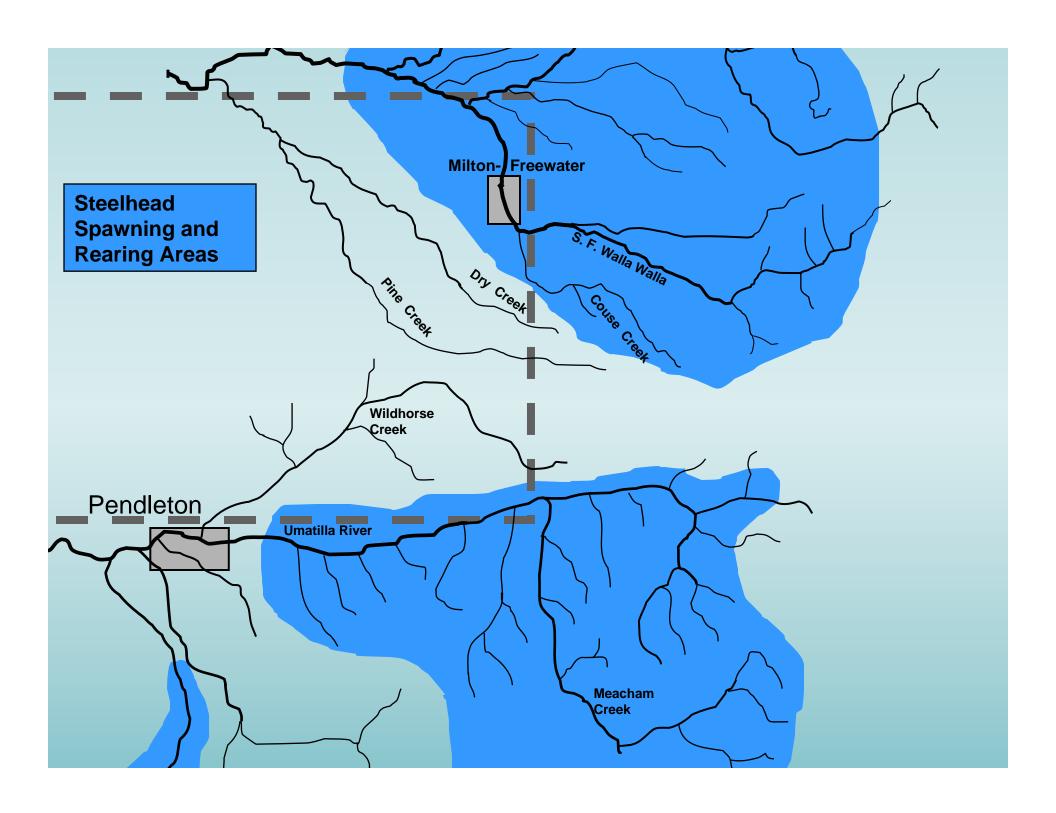
# Scientific Literature on road/sediment/fish impacts

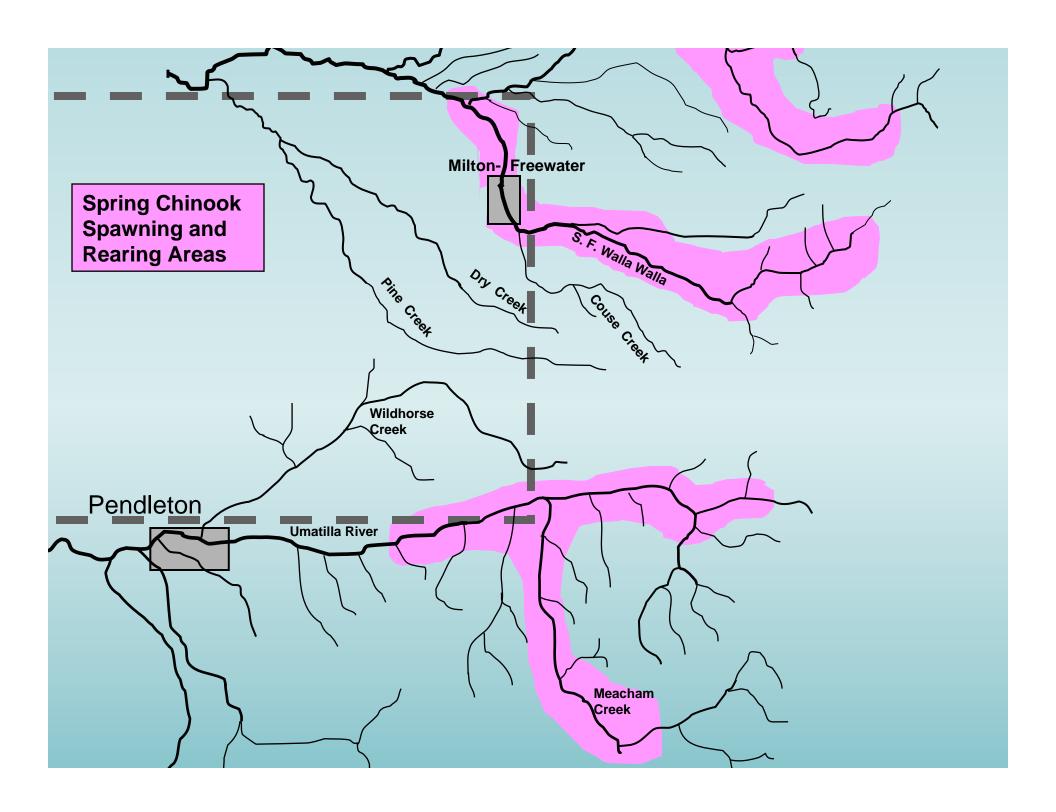
- One of most prominent sources of sediment in watersheds is construction and use of roads.
- Sediment production & yield has been shown to increase with increases in road density.
- A direct correlation has been shown between the proportion of fine sediment in spawning gravels and road length.
- A direct correlation has been shown between the proportion of fine sediment in spawning gravels and salmonid survival during egg incubation.

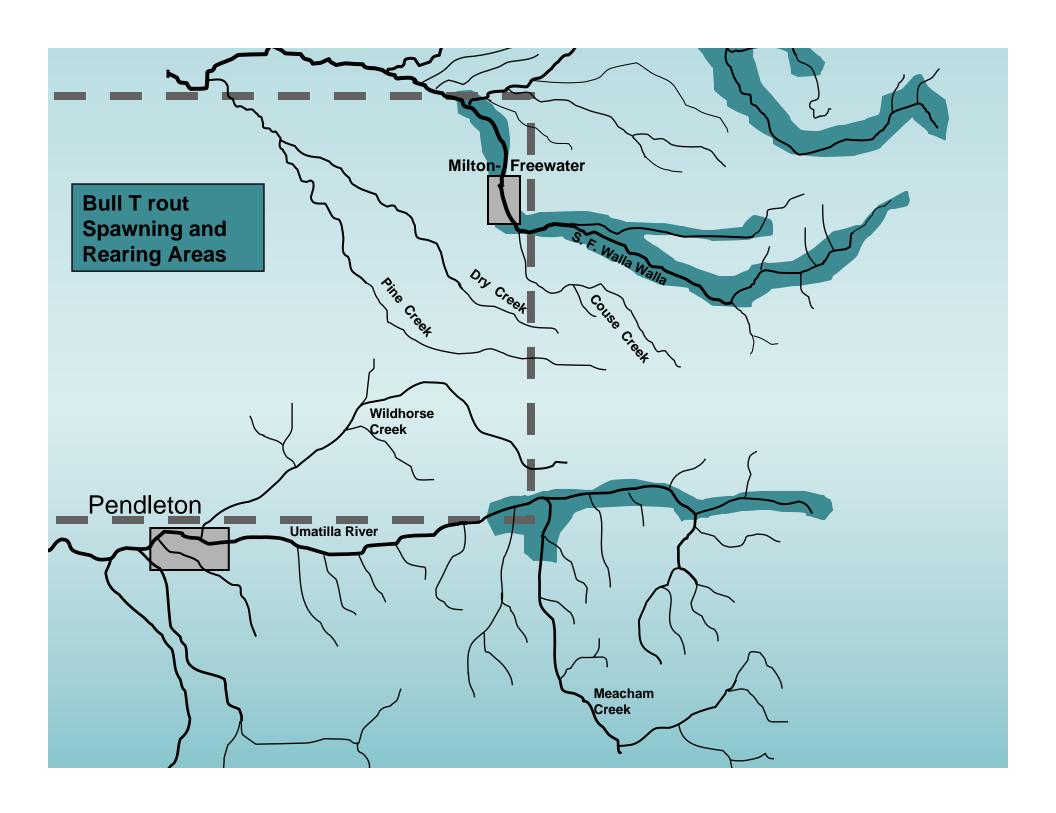
#### Fish Value Area Parameters

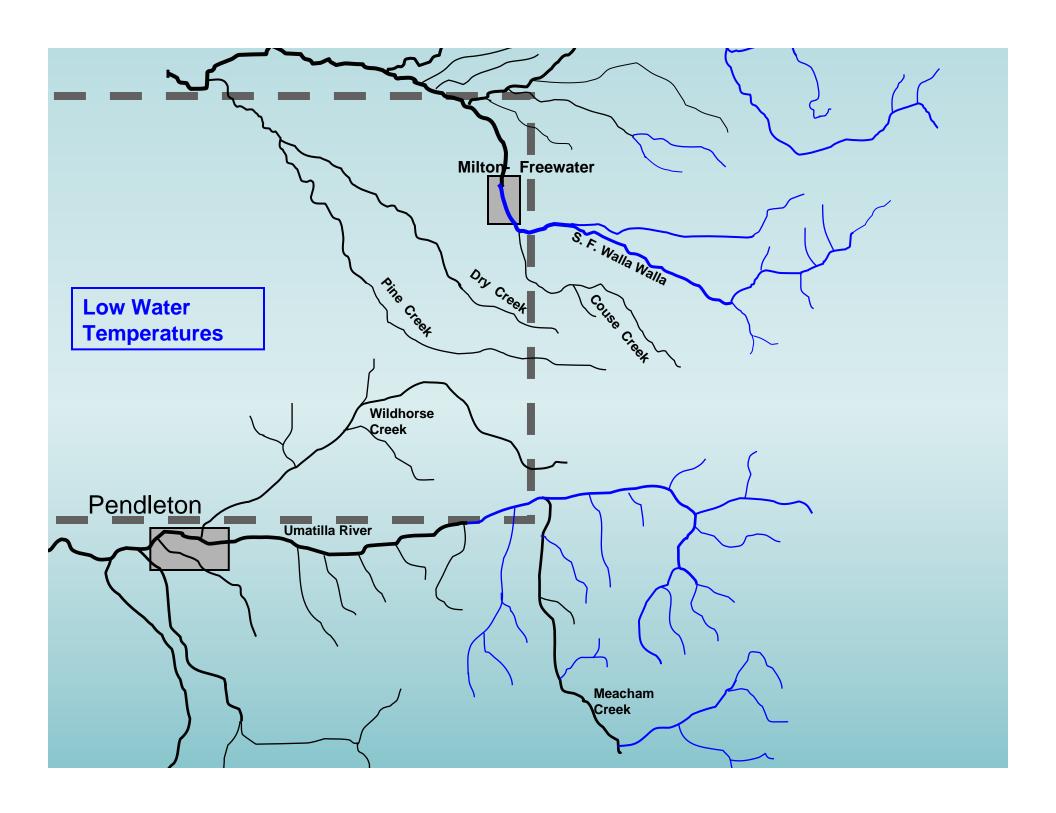
- Fish distribution (CHS, STS, BT, LP & MUS)
- Low stream temperature (< 72°F summer max)
- Low sedimentation in gravel (< 18% fines)
- Priority stream habitat protection/enhancement
- Fish/floodplain enhancement investments

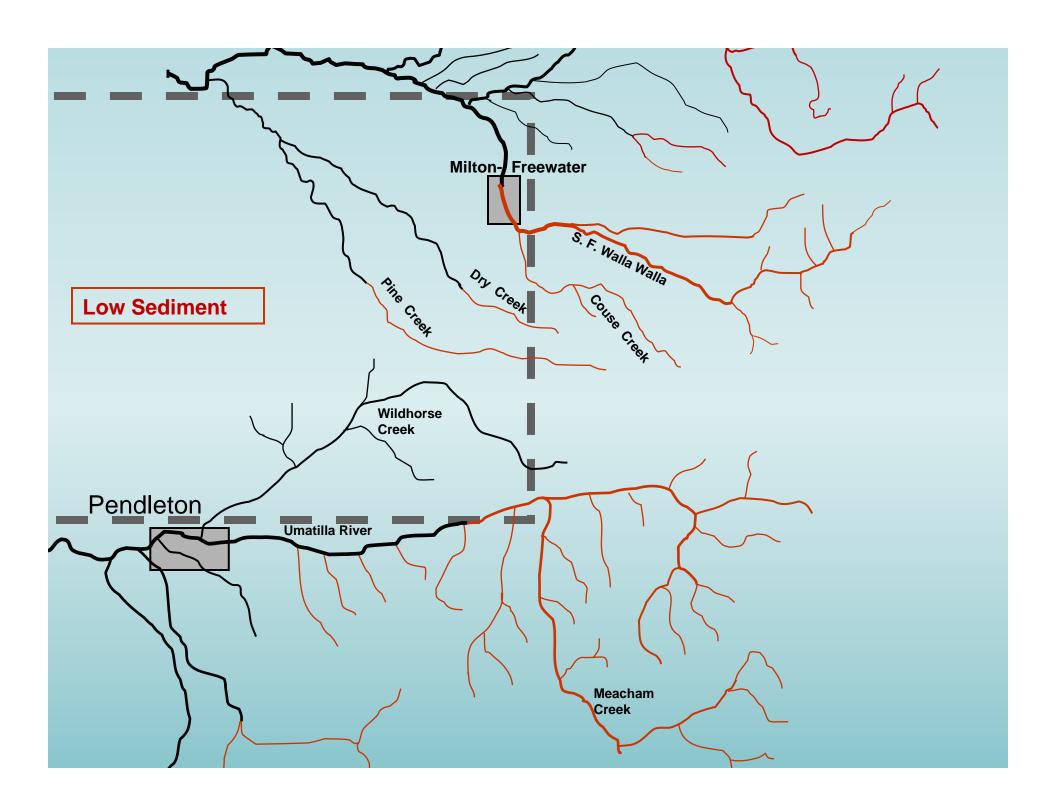


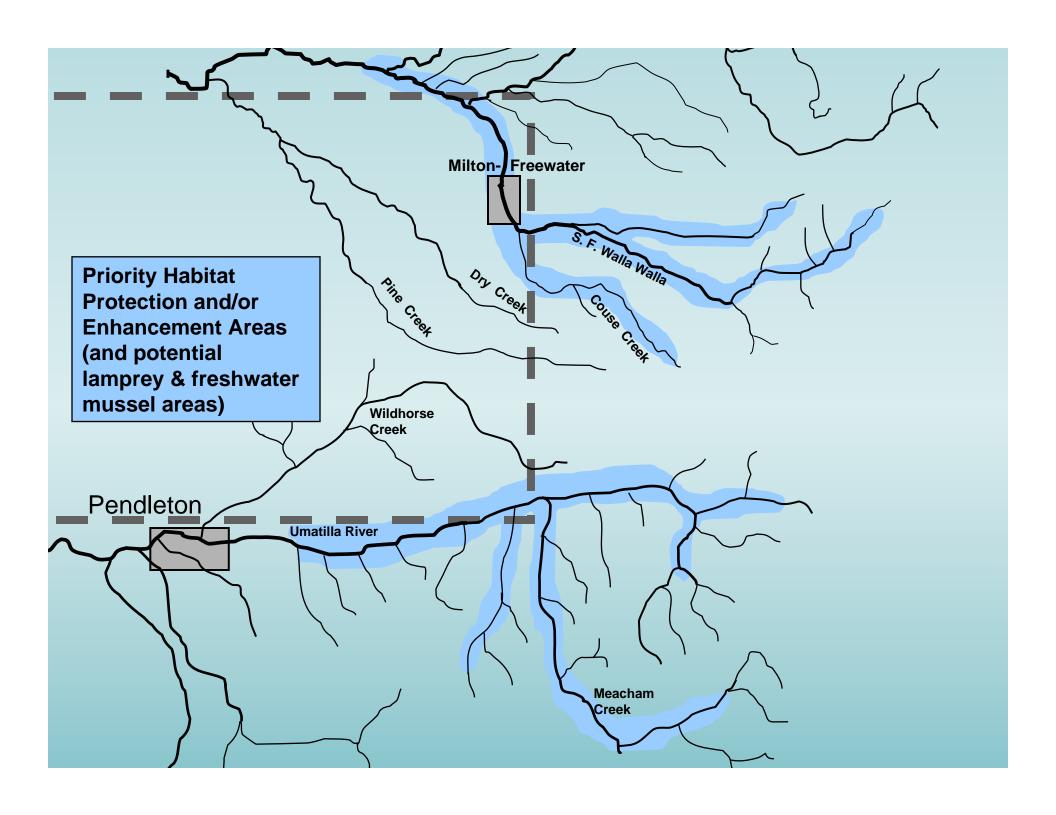


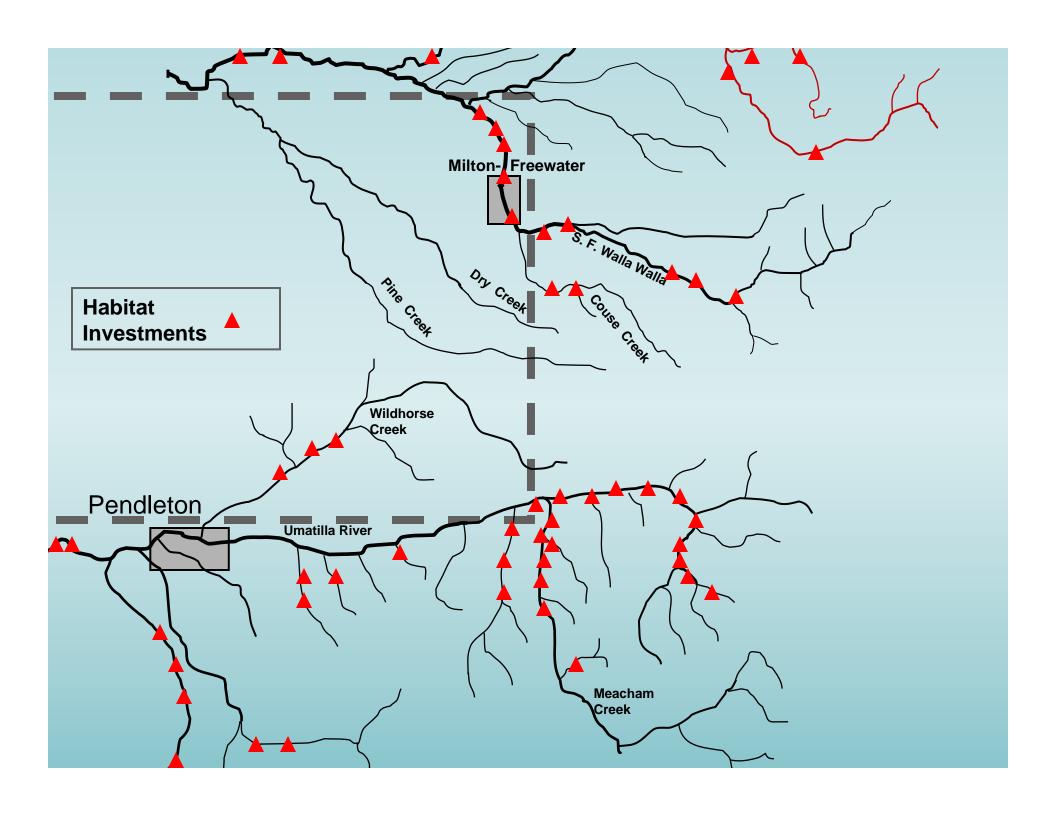


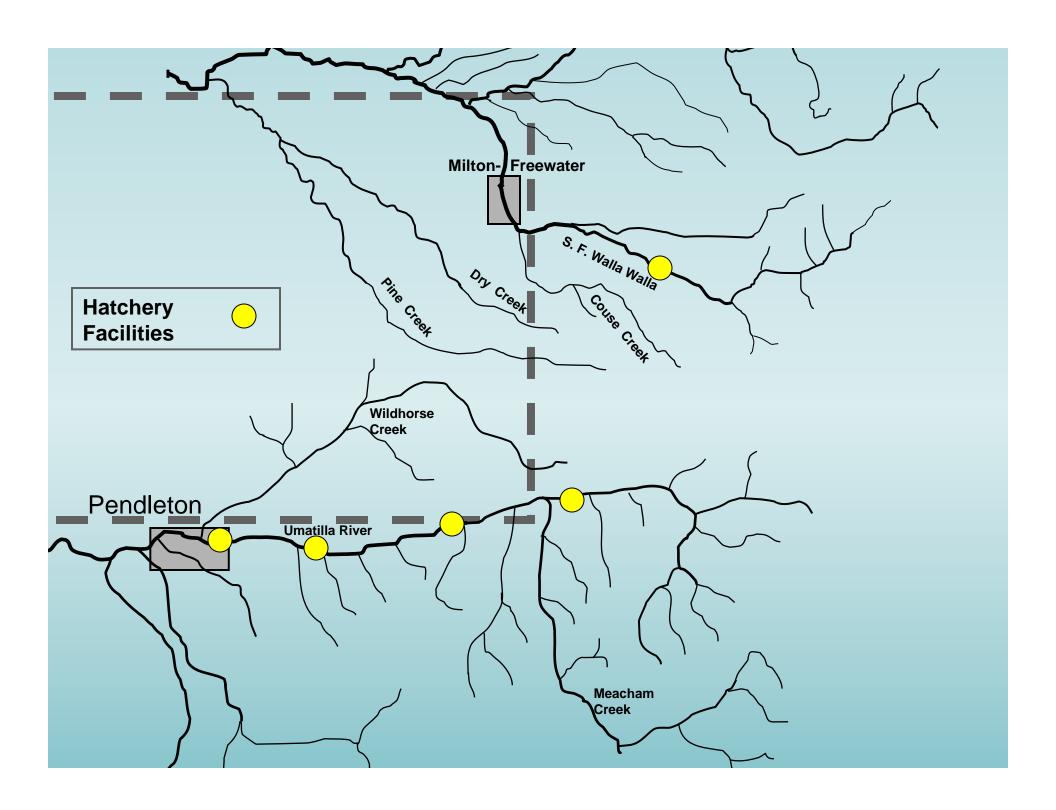


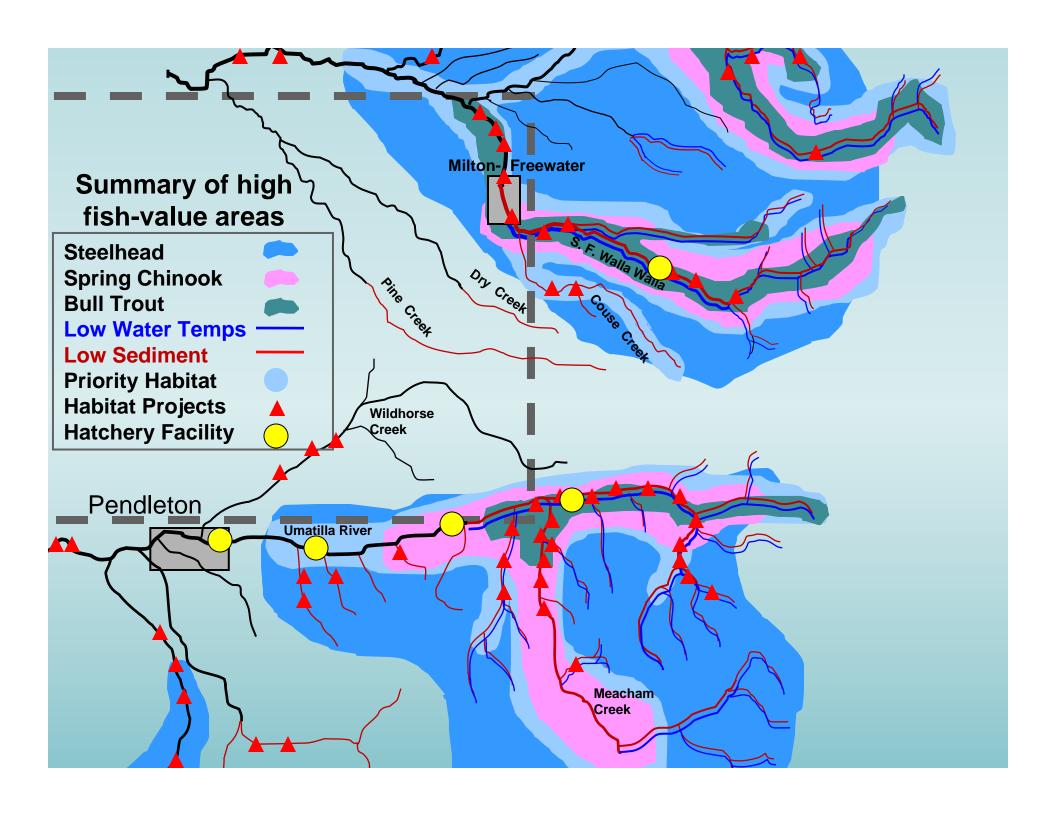












## Conclusions/Recommendations

- County wind generation boundary contains areas of low and high fisheries resource values/concerns in the Umatilla and Walla Walla Basins.
- Recommend these values be a criteria in determining if and where to develop wind energy.
- Slight reduction in wind generation boundary would add significant protection to high fish-value areas.
- Recommend "protection first" in high natural resource value areas rather that develop first and plan for mitigation later.